

ELISA for diagnosing *Lawsonia intracellularis* infections in horses - 1798

Published date: Jan. 29, 2018

Technology description



Overview

The bacterium *Lawsonia intracellularis* causes proliferative enteropathy in mammals, including horses. Clinical signs of equine proliferative enteropathy (EPE), which is usually seen in weanlings or young yearlings, include anorexia, fever, lethargy, depression, peripheral edema, weight loss, colic, and diarrhea. EPE transmission occurs through the ingestion of *L. intracellularis*-contaminated fecal material from wild or domestic animals, and the infection has been shown to be widespread on many farms.



Invention

UK researchers have developed an ELISA-based kit for the detection of *L. intracellularis* in horses. A blood sample is centrifuged to separate serum from whole blood cells, and the isolated sample is analyzed for the presence of *L. intracellularis*-specific antibodies using an ELISA.

UK researchers have also used this method for evaluating the ability of candidate vaccines to elicit an immune response against *L. intracellularis* infection in a subject. A test vaccine is administered to a horse, and it is given a sufficient time to develop an immune response to the vaccine before a blood sample is taken. The vaccine is determined to be effective at eliciting an immune response if *L. intracellularis*-specific antibodies are detected in the blood sample and the subject does not exhibit symptoms of *L. intracellularis* infection or signs of clinical disease.

Related Publications

Page, A. E., L. Henderson, H. F. Stills, Jr. and D. W. Horohov (2015). "The Possible Role Mares Play in the Epidemiology of Equine Proliferative Enteropathy." Journal of Equine Veterinary Science 35(2): 116-123.

Page, A. E., A. T. Loynachan, U. Bryant, H. F. Stills, Jr., A. A. Adams, C. J. Gebhart, N. Pusterla and D. W. Horohov (2011). "Characterization of the interferon gamma response to *Lawsonia intracellularis* using an equine proliferative enteropathy challenge (EPE) model." Vet Immunol Immunopathol 143(1-2): 55-65.

Page, A. E., H. F. Stills, Y. Chander, C. J. Gebhart and D. W. Horohov (2011). "Adaptation and validation of a bacteria-specific enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay for determination of farm-specific *Lawsonia intracellularis* seroprevalence in central Kentucky Thoroughbreds." Equine Vet J 43 Suppl 40: 25-31.

Page, A. E., H. F. Stills, Jr. and D. W. Horohov (2015). "The effect of passively acquired antibodies on *Lawsonia intracellularis* infection and immunity in the horse." Equine Vet J 47(6): 655-661.

Application area

veterinary medicine

equine medicine

Advantages

detects exposure to *Lawsonia intracellularis* antigens

verifies efficacy of *Lawsonia intracellularis* vaccination

Institution

[University of Kentucky](#)

Inventors

[Harold F.](#)

联系我们



叶先生

电话 : 021-65679356

手机 : 13414935137

邮箱 : yeyingsheng@zf-ym.com